

CORRECTION

Gupta S, Berry JD, Ayers CR, Peshock RM, Khera A, de Lemos JA, Patel PC, Markham DW, Drazner MH. Left Ventricular Hypertrophy, Aortic Wall Thickness, and Lifetime Predicted Risk of Cardiovascular Disease: The Dallas Heart Study. *J Am Coll Cardiol Img* 2010;3:605–13.

Please note that Figure 3 was inadvertently printed incorrectly. The correct figure and legend are printed below.

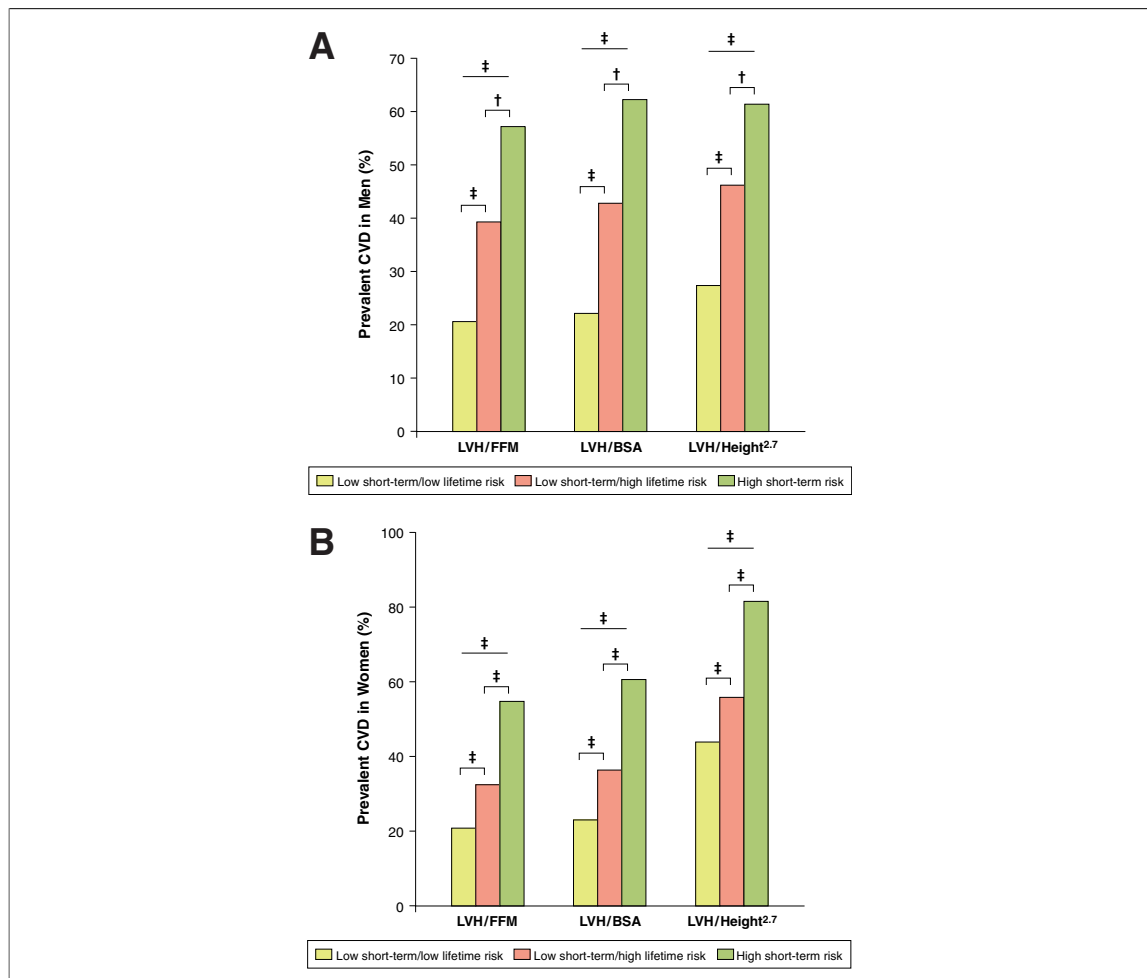


Figure 3. Prevalent Subclinical CVD Stratified by the Predicted Risk and Method of Indexing LV Mass

Men (A) and women (B). To assess prevalent LVH, LV mass was indexed to fat-free mass, BSA, and height^{2.7}. Subclinical CVD included the presence of LVH, detectable CAC, or AWT >75th percentile. †p ≤ 0.01; ‡p ≤ 0.001. Other abbreviations as in Figure 1.